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River rally: A good cause with many stumbling blocks

Covering 7,000 kms across 16 states and 22 cities of India, Rally for Rivers seeks the citizen's votes on a river restoration campaign.



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Reuters

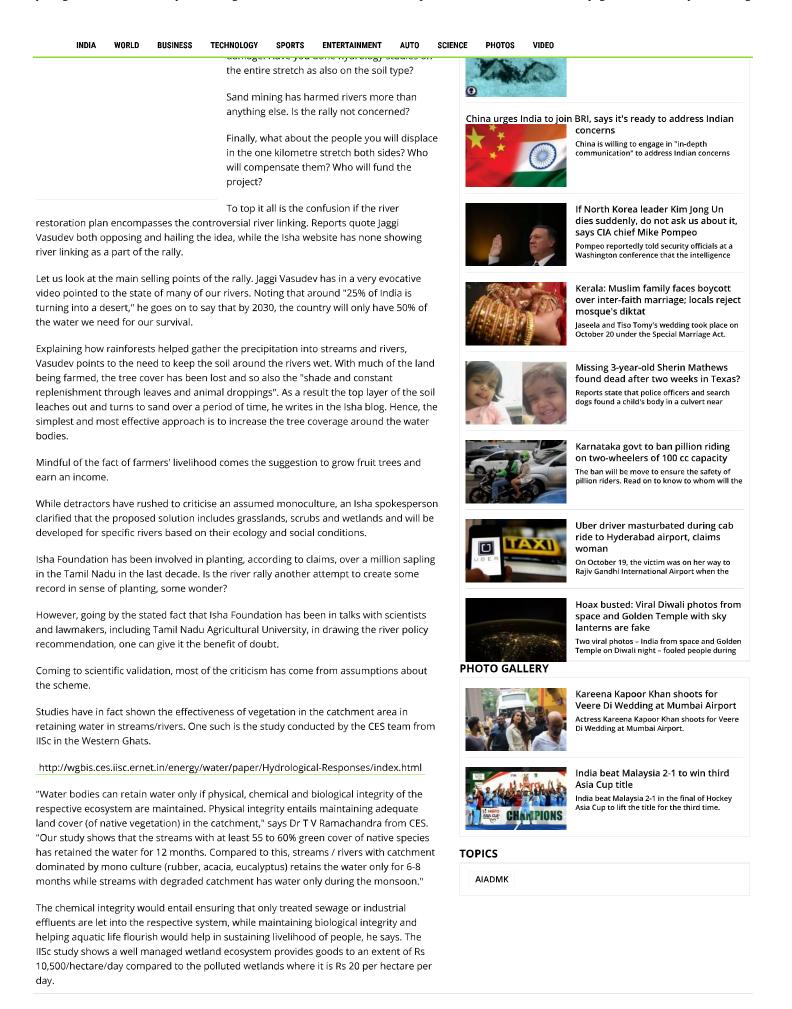
Unlike the political rath yatras the country is familiar with, this time around it is a Mercedes yatra that is kicking up dust. Covering 7,000 kms across 16 states and 22 cities of India, this one seeks the citizen's votes on a river restoration campaign.

The 'river rally' spearheaded by Isha Foundation has seen excellent campaigning and marketing to win the support of the masses in a show of strength, aimed at pushing the government into a policy around rivers. Many thousands of missed calls have been recorded as public support for a river revitalisation policy that envisages building a tree cover on both the banks for a kilometre at least. Forest trees on government land, and fruit trees on farmers' land to support livelihoods, has been mooted as a way to keep the soil moist all through the year.

Cheering crowds have been welcoming Jaggi Vasudev aka Sadguru, the founder of Isha Foundation as he moved in the Mercedes from Kanyakumari to Mumbai, going ahead in coming days to finally arrive in the capital on October 2. The suave, popular godman has at times been taking to his mobike on the streets.

After the initial gung ho and publicity, the rally has slowly started gathering criticism from a few experts and media, at large. The 'hype' of planting trees to revive dried rivers, the symbolic missed call and blue T-shirts, the pollution from the Mercedes trail, the bigger issues with rivers that have been ignored, the list goes on.

Yes, many perennial rivers like Godavari run dry for many months and many like the Cauvery and Narmada have much less water than before. Yes, trees help keep the soil on the river banks moist and rejuvenate the river. But what kind of trees? Monocultures of



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herbs, shrubs and trees.

The Energy and Wetlands Group at CES was also responsible for growing a mini-forest in the research institution campus at Bangalore. The two hectare plot was afforested with 500 saplings of 49 Western Ghat species. Not only did it revive the groundwater table in the region from 150-170 feet to 10-15 feet, it has considerably reduced the temperature of the surroundings.

Incidentally, another godman, Ravi Shankar of the Art of Living has also been at river restoration. Work began in 2013 on a 460 sq km stretch of the Kumudvati river, a tributary of river Arkavathi that originates from Shivagange hills in Nelamangala taluk, west of Bangalore city. Volunteers of the organisation alongwith HAL staff worked in 280 odd villages of the region to spread awareness, revive local water bodies and get farmers to shift to horticultural plantations for water conservation. Finally, last year Hindustan Aeronautics Limited completed the Rs 4.77 crore Kumudvathi river rejuvenation project as part of its CSR activity. While many of the local water bodies have sprung to life since then, the success of the project a la a revived river will be known after three seasons of rain.

A similar but bigger scale of things like the current river rally plans is definitely a good thing for the thirsty nation. Calling it as interference with nature and playing god is merely bickering. If, as humans we can destruct nature thoughtlessly, trying to reinstate rivers is only our responsibility, and nothing else.

Will farmers shift to horticultural plantations? Will the sand mafia be smothered? Before answering those troublesome questions, there is an important aspect to river restoration after physically reviving them. How do we sustain them?

The recent extreme rainfall witnessed in many Indian cities saw a lot of water go down the drain. Water that if harvested could serve the entire needs of a family for a year. Though rainwater harvesting is mandatory on paper, most houses in Bangalore still do not have the required facility in place. Many homes use Cauvery river water to clean their porches and cars. At a time when water disputes are the norm, and considering that the water is pumped from a 100 km away using a lot of energy, this misuse is criminal.

How many who stood holding the river rally pamphlets and donning blue T-shirts are conscientious users of water? How many are not guilty of throwing a tetrapack into a river at some picnic spot, or wasting water at home?

Assuming we are able to revive the rivers and keep them flowing all year around, what assurance that we won't defile it? That we won't slowly start encroaching its banks, hacking the trees, pilfering the sand, throwing muck into it, over-extracting water and more? A habit is difficult to change.

We have always found ways to circumvent and overlook the law. Will another river policy help?

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